

## FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PRIVACY ACTS

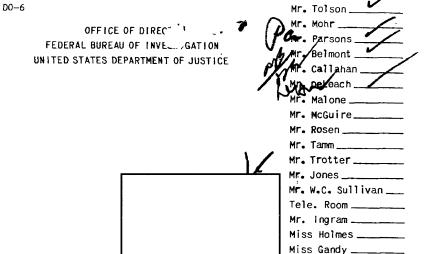
SUBJECT: JOHN EDWARD GINGRICH

FILE NUMBER: 62 - HQ - 84227

SECTION NUMBER: 1



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION



The Family Of The Late

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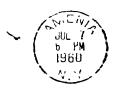
Admiral John Edward Bingrich

Will Remember With Beep Gratitude

Your Friendly Thoughtfulness And Kind

Expression Of Sympathy







Mr. J. Edgar Haaver Justice Burgan of Invioligation Justice States Stepachment of Washington, L. C.

5 DIRECTOR

STANDARD FORM NO. 84

# Office Memorialum . United State Overnment

то :	THE DIR	ECTOR			DATE:	7-31-47	1 /W
FROM :	MR. D.	W. LADD	9/02	X			fr. E. A. Tamm fr. Clegg fr. Glavin
subject:	REAR AD	MIRAL JOI	HN EDWARD	OGINGRICH,	usn		Mr. Nicholar Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy
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OFFICE OF DIRECTOR FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

ferred to Mr. Ladd who will

inform the Director.

July 31, 1947

11:20AM

Mr. Clegg\_ Mr. Glavin Mr. Ladd Mr. Nichols Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy\_ Mr. Carson\_ b7C Mr. Egan\_ tele-Mr. Gurnea\_ phoned and requested to speak Mr. Harbo to the Director. After informing him of the Director's absence Hendon\_ from the city it was suggested Mr. Jones that he speak to the Acting Mr. Pennington\_\_\_ Tele. Room\_\_\_\_ Director. The call was trans-

Miss Gandy\_\_\_\_

Mr. Tolson

Mr. E. A. Tamm\_

Mr. Nease\_\_\_\_ Miss Holmes\_\_\_\_

cc - Mr. Ladd

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#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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#### HEMORARDUM

Re: Hear Admiral John Rivard Gingrich, USA

Hear Admiral Gingrich was born in Dodge City, Kanmas, February 23, 1897. He attended the University of Kunsas before his appointment to the U. S. Naval Academy from his mative state in 1916. He was graduated and commissioned Ensign in Jume 1919, with the class of 1920. He progressed in grade until his promotion to Rear Admiral December 3, 1943.

After graduation in 1919, Admiral Gingrich was assigned to the USS "Pennsylvania" and from January 1920, until July 1921, served as Assistant Communication Officer on the staff of Admiral H. B. Wilson, USH, Commander in Chief, Atlantic Fleet, of which the "Pennsylvania" was flag ship. In August 1921, he was transferred to duty on the USS "Maryland" in which he served until June 1925. The two succeeding years he was an instructor in the Department of Mavigation, Maval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland.

in May 1927, Admirel Gingrich joined the USS "Rochester" serving as Currery Officer of that cruiser until July 1930. The next two years he had duty in connection with the Mavel Reserve Officers! Training Corps Unit, Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois. He commanded the USS "Algorma" from June 1932, until April 1934, when he was transferred to the USS "Indiampolis" serving in that cruiser until June 1935. The two succeeding years he had duty in the Hydrographic Office, Havy Department. Returning to sea he was Aide and Flag Secretary on the staff of Rear Admirel John D. Wairwright, USH. Commander. Sattleship Division 3, Sattle Forme, USS "Idshe" Flag Ship, from June 1937, until July 1939, when he joined the USS "New Mexico" as Navigator.

In August 1940, Admiral Gingrich reported for duty as Aide to the Under Secretary of the Havy, Havy Department, and in Hay 1944, became Aide to the Secretary of the Havy, serving in that assignment until July 1944. For his services during that period he received a letter of commendation with authorisation to sear the Commendation Ribbon from the Secretary of the Navy.

Rear Admiral (Engrich fitted out the USS "Pitteburgh" and commanded that cruiser from her commissioning October 10, 1944, until September 3, 1945. He was in command when the "Pittsburgh" during operations against the Japanese in March 1945, protected and towed a seriously damaged aircraft carrier to safety and when on June 5, 1945, that cruiser lost her bow in a Pacific typhoon. The bow floated stem up in the coean, was later caught and towns to Owen, arriving a week after the "Pitteburgh" which had received temporary repairs at a Pacific base before she subsequently proceeded to Puget Sound, Manington, for permanent Silver Star Medal and the legion of Merit. He was also awarded a Gold Star in in limit of a Second Legion of Merit.

Following detachment from command of the "Pittsburgh" Admiral Gingrich served as Chief of Staff and Aide to the Commander, Carrier Task Force 2, Pacific Float. On October 24, 1945, he reported to the Bureau of Mayal Personnel, Bashington, for duty as Assistant to the Chief of Baval Personnel in charge of

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setting up the posture program for U. S. Haval Reserve personnel. In July 1946, he was ordered to duty as Assistant Chief of Haval Operations (Reserves) and Director of Reserve Maval Operations, Havy Department.
In addition to the medals mentioned previously, Admiral Gingrich has the Victory Medal, Atlantic Fleet Clasp, the Second Hicaraguma Compaign Medal and is entitled to the American Defence Service Medal, the Asiatic-Pecific Area Compaign, the American Area Compaign, and the World Har II Victory Medal.
Admiral Gingrich's official address and that of his wife is b7C . Philadelphia, Permaylvania.
There is nothing in Bureau files concerning Admiral Gingrich.
(Information furnished by on 7/31/47)

#### UNITED STATES. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION Washington 25, D.C.

INFORMATION FOR THE PRESS Tel: EX 1616, Brs. 307, 308, 309 FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE Thursday, August 7, 1947

REAR ADMIRAL JOHN E GINGRICH. USN NAMED DIRECTOR OF SECURITY AND INTELLIGENCE, U. S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

Rear Admiral John E. Gingrich, USN, Assistant Chief of Naval Operations, has been appointed Director of a newly-created Division of Security and Intelligence, United States Atomic Energy Commission.

His assignment to the Commission on detail from the Navy has been approved by Secretary of Navy James Forrestal, effective upon completion Wof the Admiral's present work for Secretary Forrestal. Admiral Gingrich will take up his duties with the Commission within two weeks.

The decision by the Commission to establish a combined security and intelligence division was based on security studies made over a period of five months and on an overall intelligence study made by Rear Admiral Sidney W. Souers, USNR, special consultant to the Commission. Admiral Souers is a former Deputy Chief of Naval Intelligence and was the first head of the Central Intelligence Group.

All of the security and intelligence phases of the AEC program will head up in the unified office of Admiral Gingrich, who will work closely with the Central Intelligence Group and with other security and intelligence agencies of the government. His security responsibilities will include the physical security of AEC installations, the control of classified information, the development and operation of clearance procedures, and coordination with the Federal Bureau of Investigation, which had investigative responsibility.

A native of Kansas, Admiral Gingrich attended public school at Dodge City, Kansas, and spent one year at Kansas University before entering the Naval Academy, where he graduated in the Class of 1920. His Navy duty includes two years as instructor at Annapolis and two years teaching Naval sciences at Northwestern University. From 1935 to 1937, he headed the Navigational Research Division of the Naval Hydrographic Office and was active in the development of navigational aids and methods. His sea duty includes service on the USS Pennsylvania, USS Maryland and USS Rochester.

During World War II, he served as Aide to Secretary of the Navy Forrestal, and later commanded the USS Pittsburgh, a heavy cruiser, during the last year of the War in the Pacific. He was awarded the Silver Star for his work in towing the burning aircraft carrier USS Franklin from a battle area off the coast of Japan while "Kamikaze" pilots tried repeatedly to sink the sorely wounded ship.

In June 1945, he brought the Pittsburgh into the Bremerton, Washington Navy Yard after a trip across the Pacific which earned him the Legion of Merit. The Pittsburgh had lost more than 100 feet of her bow in a typhoon, and, without the loss of a man, Admiral Gingrich turned his ship in the rough seas while the waves broke over the bridge more than 80 feet above her decks. The Pittsburgh ploughed her way 900 miles from Okinawa to Guam, where a temporary bow was put on for the trip to Bremerton.

Admiral Gingrich returned to the Pacific as Chief of Staff of the fast carrier fleet, Task Force 38. After the war, he came back to Washington as Assistant Chief of Naval Operations and Director of the Naval Reserve.

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NOTE TO CORRESPONDENTS: Additional biographical information and pictures of Admiral Gingrich are available at Navy Public Information Division.

## Adm. Gingric Assigned to Atomic Board

Appointed to Head New Security and Intelligence Division

Rear Admiral John E. Gingrich, USN, Assistant Chief of Naval Operations, has been appointed director of a newly created division of security and intelligence, United State Atomic Energy Commission, it was announced last night.

His assignment to the commission on detail from the Navy has been approved by Secretary of Defense James Forrestal, and he will take up his new duties within two weeks.

The decision by the commission to establish a combined security and intelligence division was based on security studies made over a period of five months and on an over-all intelligence study made by Rear Admiral Sidney W. Sou-ers, USNR, special consultant to the commission. Admiral Souers is a former deputy chief of naval intelligence and was the first head of the central intelligence group.

Gingrich's Assignment

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Served as Aide to Forrestal

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### Admiral Directs Atom Intelligence



ADM. JOHN E. GINGRICH Named director of intelligence division for Atomic Energy Commission

**ATOM**—From Page I

# Adm. Gingrich Goes to AEC

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MY.	Clegg
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Mr.	Glavin
Mr.	Nichols
Mr.	Rosen
Mr.	Tracy
Mr.	Carson
Mr.	Egan
Mr.	Gurnea
Mr.	Harbo
Mr.	Hendon
Mr.	Jones
	Pennington_
Mr.	Quinn Tamm
Mr.	Nease
Mis	s Gandy K le

Safeguarding That Atom

Taking action not a minute too soon, the U.S. Atomic Energy Commission has set up its own police force. Rear Admiral John E. Gingrich, assistant chief of naval operations, has been appointed director of this guard-the-atom group, and will take over his important new job within the next two weeks.

Enemy

Agents

His new division of security and intelligence was set up after five months' study, which convinced our atom scientists, our military men and our FBI that no amount of money spent on protecting our atom secrets could be considered wasted. In the colorful words of Lieut. Gen. Ira C. Eaker, deputy commander of our air forces, we might as well realize that "the United States is crawling with

enemy agents," and take steps accordingly.

Admiral Gingrich will co-operate with our central intelligence group and with the federal bureau of investigation. We wish all these organizations happy, patriotic hunting.

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58 AUG 21 1947

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WASHINGTON TIMES-HERALD
Page 10

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Nederal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice New York, 7, New York September 8th, 1947 Mr. Ros Mr. Tracy .... Mr. Egan.... b7C Director, FBI Mr. Gurnea ... Mr. Harbo .... Attention of Assistant Director Ladd Mr. Mohr Mr. Pennington ..... JOHN E. GIMGRICH Res The art Director of Intelligence and Security, Atomic Energy Commission Dear Sir: On September 6th, 1947 of the law firm of called at this office to furnish certain background information on Rear Admiral JOHN E. GINGRICH, who was recently made Director of Intelligence and Security for the Atomic Energy Commission. advised that Mr. Gingrich is on leave from the Navy in his present capacity and has met Assistant Director Ladd in the absence of the Director. However, Mr. Gingrich is very desirous of meeting the Director for the purpose of establishing cordial relationship between himself and the Bureau in view of his present duties. In furtherance of this desire, he will contact the Bureau in the immediate future and request to meet the Director now that the Director has returned to Washington. advised that Mr. Gingrich is a graduate of the Naval Academy, was skipper of the U.S.S. "Pittsburgh" during a portion of the war, and for a considerable period of time was Naval Aide to them Under-Secretary of the Navy Forrestal. thought that the Bureau would be interested in his opinion of Gingrich. He stated that Mr. Gingrich has a high respect and regard for the Bureau; that he is a practical, level-headed individual who, although lacking in Intelligence and investigative experience, realizes his shortcomings along these lines and respects the experience and ability of the Bureau in this field. Istated that Mr. Gingrich is determined to carry out his duties with the Atomic Energy Commission on a practical rather than theoretical basis and realizes that he must establish a close personal working liaison with the FBL to accomplish this. EX-23. SE 13 COPIES DESTROYED NOV 18 1964 15 SEP 17 1947 84

recalled that when he, conducted a survey of ONI in 1940 and rendered a very derogatory report concerning that organization to Secretary of the Navy KWOX and Mr. FORRESTAL, Mr. GINGRICH was present during his rendition of the report, in his capacity as Naval Aide.  Mr. GINGRICH thoroughly agreed with statements concerning ONI at the time.
stated that Mr. GINGRICH is not imbued with the, as her termed it, usual military conceit and lack of appreciation of civilian efforts but rather is an intelligent, practical individual.
was of the opinion that GINGRICH could be of value to the Bureau in his present position as he is the individual who passed on the qualifications of employees and prospective employees engaged in the atomic energy program. In this capacity, reports of the Bureau will go to him for conclusion as to the retention or separation of the subject of an investigation. Further, according to, in instances involving possible violations of the Atomic Energy Act, Mr. GINGRICH will be the Commission's representative to meet with the Attorney General in deciding whether prosecution should be entertained.
advised that as further examples of how Mr. GINGRICH could be of assistance to the Bureau, had suggested to him that he furnish to the Bureau a list of all scientists formerly connected with the atomic energy program who are no longer so connected, in order that the Bureau would be in a position to evaluate any contacts with such individuals by persons who might be subjects of our investigations.
In addition, he suggested to Mr. GINGRICH that the Bureau be advised of any instances where there are apparent efforts of the Russians or any other foreign power to secure material or equipment through third parties or otherwise which might be utilized in the making of atom bombs.
advised that in March of this year, at the request of the Commission, he had conducted a survey and rendered advice relative to the setting up and scope of the duties of the position of Director of Intelligence and Security of the Atomic Energy Commission. He stated further that during the war Under-Secretary of the Navy FORRESTAL had two aides namely, his Naval Aide, Mr. GIMGRICH, and his Legal Aide.  The latter is presently connected with the firm  in New York City.  advised that Mr. GIMGRICH has requested that  due to their experience and knowledge, act as advisers to him from time to time on problems connected with his position wherein he feels the need for advice.  pointed out to

him that in order for them to act in this capacity, they would have to be cleared by investigation inasmuch as Mr. GINGRICH would have to reveal certain information to them which gave rise to the problems and unless they were cleared properly, they would not be entitled to receive this information.

into ma of one
As a consequence, both have received appropriate forms and are submitting these forms, together with their finger-prints, in order that they may be properly cleared.
advised that both he and will perform any service along this line gratis, although Mr. GINGRICH has indicated a desire to compensate them for it.
further indicated that in the event the Bureau at any time may desire information concerning some phase of the activities of the Commission with which he is familiar, he will be glad to furnish this information or secure it for the Bureau.
I advised that in accordance with his request, I would be glad to forward this information to the Bureau in order that the Director might be acquainted with his opinions of Mr. GINGRICH and of the desire of Mr. GINGRICH to meet the Director advised that very probably Mr. GINGRICH will communicate with the Bureau some time next week for the purpose of making an appointment to see the Director.
Very truly yours,
Edward Deherde

AHB:vcd

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V. P. Keay

Rear Admiral John E. Gingrich Atomic Energy Commission

I met Admiral Gingrich today for the first time. The Admiral immediately stated that he was very pleased with the work of the FBI with reference to the Atomic Energy Commission and that he was an admirer of the FBI and its methods. He stated with our permission he intended to rely heavily on the Bureau in connection with the security work of the Commission. He added that he looked forward to meeting the Director in the near future.

Admiral Gingrich advised that he was now busily engaged in organisation work of the Security and Intelligence Division of the Atomic Energy Commission and that he intended to make it more of a policy-making agency, leaving operations to others. He mentioned that he felt that other agencies were equipped and trained to do the work in the operating field, such as the FBI and CIG, and that he felt that more operating responsibility could be put on the Atomic Energy Commission area managers.

The Admiral mentioned the investigations of military and naval personnel engaged in the purely military phases of the stouic energy program and commented that he thought the Commission should get a Directive from the President assigning most of the purely military phases to the armed forces under Section 6 of the Atomic Energy Act, which provides that the President may from time to time allocate materials, etc. to the Army and Mavy for military experimentation. It was the Admiral's idea that the Army and Navy had the responsibility for security under Section 6 and that the responsibility should be clearly placed upon them, that is, they should investigate their own personnel under that Section (We have not been advised by the Attorney General as to his ruling with reference to the application of the Atomic Energy Act to the military programs, but the proposed draft has reflected that under Section 6 the Army and Navy would make their own personnel investigations.).

The Admiral brought up the subject of the applicant and employee investigations by the Bureau and mentioned that he thought this was only one small part of the security protection needed. He indicated that he thought intensive informant coverage among the employees was even more important. At this time he remarked that one of the problems of the Commission was employees against whome there is substantial derogatory information, but who already had ample knowledge of restricted data. He indicated that it was his view that these enployees should be retained as they possibly could do more harm if they were discharged as security risks in view of the knowledge they already had which could be communicated to a foreign power.

In passing, the Admiral also mentioned the problem of complaints by contractors as to the time necessary for clearence by the Commission of applicants for positions. He indicated that he thought a great deal of the delay was occurring

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#### Memorandum for Mr. Ladd

in the Atomic Energy Commission setup. I told the Admiral that the Bureau had recently adopted measures to streamline procedures and save time, but that the sudden increase of over 1,000 applicant eases referred to the Bureau per month had more than absorbed any savings we had made in time. I took occasion at this time to point out to him a number of factors involved in the Commission's handling of applicants which had proved detrimental to expeditious handling of the investigations by the Bureau (these matters have been previously discussed with Commission representatives but no curative measures have been taken as yet). The following matters were pointed out to him:

- (1) There is a very uneven flow of applicant cases to the Bureau, making it almost impossible to handle the work smoothly and on any schedule. It was pointed out that many of the Personnel Security Questionnaires received by us are already several weeks old, and it appears that the contractors are saving them up until they get a large quantity before sending them through for processing. Although there may be other factors involved and, of course, it probably is not possible to produce an absolutely even flow of applicant cases inasmuch as they must be handled as the positions are to be filled, I suggested to the idmiral that anything that could be done along this line would be of considerable assistance in expediting investigations.
- (2) It was pointed out that many of the PSQ's based upon which we imitiate our investigations are incomplete, inadequate, or inaccurate, thereby causing considerable wasted effort in the investigations.
- (3) It was pointed out that there are numerous sudden increases in work in particular locations due to new projects, new construction work, etc. and in general advance notice is not given to us of the increase in work. This was true recently when we suddenly began receiving over 1,000 additional applicant cases per month, or almost a 50 per cent increase. An inquiry revealed this was due to the fact that an extensive new construction project had been begun on the west coast.
- (4) It was pointed out that we give all preference in our investigations to applicant cases and present employee investigations are handled in a more routine manner (this is in accordance with the desires of the Commission), but a number of installations submit numerous requests for applicant investigations on persons who have been already employed on the atomic energy program for up to several years. The submitting of such requests as employees would reduce the number of applicant cases and enable us to give more expeditious attention.

The Admiral made a note of these matters and stated he intended to see that something was done about them. He also stated that too many cases were being submitted to the Bureau under the Act, that is, employees or applicants for employment with contractors who have access to restricted data, and that action could be taken to restrict the secret information so that fewer persons would have access to it.

#### Memorandum for Mr. Ladd

stated that he thought in	number of investigations that would be necessary. He n must instances common laborers, bricklayers, jamitors, not have any access to restricted data and, therefore, by the Bureau.
confidential contacts, at employees of the Security and grumbling among them and that he is freely maintenance, he recently personnel Clearance Officers.	n, Atomic Energy Commission, and who is one of our best ated that Admiral Gingrich is very unpopular with the y Division and there is a great deal of dissatisfaction. He stated that Gingrich uses very high-handed methods king changes without consulting with any of his employees; y instructed that the forms being used in the Central ce be changed although he did not ask anyons about the the himself had never met Gingrich although he had read never been given the opportunity.
to persons who were reco Clearance Office, by the was kept on derogat mittee had on frequent o he ordered that access n also mentioned tha on some persons to whom	that the Admiral has been giving clearance for employment emended against by the Review Board in the Central Personnel General Manager, and others. He mentioned that compasses in his office and that the Congressional Compassions referred to it. When the Admiral learned of this, not be given to the Committee representatives in the future. It the Joint Congressional Committee was already checking clearance had been given in spite of derogatory information.  In conversations with Special Agent has indicated the faith in the ability of his personnel, particularly
intended to rely heavily	of the Security Mivision and who is new working Admiral also indicated to Special Agent that he upon the Eureau rather than his own Security Mivision.  furnished for your information in connection with our concion.
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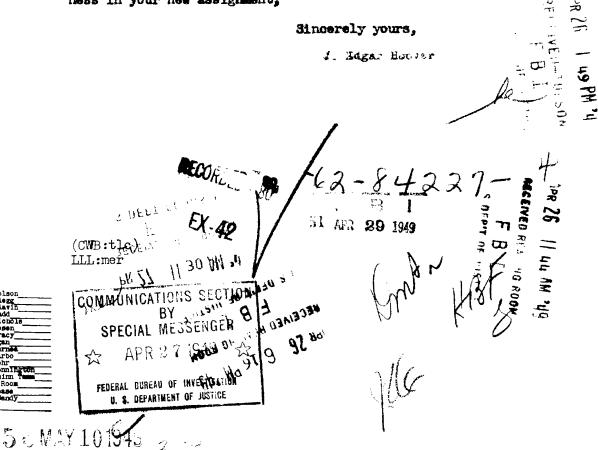
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Rear Admiral John E. Gingrich Director of Security and Intelligence Atomic Energy Commission Washington, D. C.

Dear Admiral (Mingrich:

Four decision to return to active duty in the Her has just been called to my attention and I do want to take this opportunity to express to you my appreciation for the cooperation which you so willingly have extended to this Bureau on all matters of mutual interest. It has been a pleasure indeed to work with you.

With every best wish for your success and happiness in your new assignment,



TANDARD FORM NO. 54

# Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO	. MR. T	TETCHER LIC	F.			DATE:	April 25,	1949	•
10	: MI	TETCHER HO	3	b7C			,, 4	Ar. Tolson	
FROM  SUBJEC	: V• P.	REAR ADM	IRAL JOHN	E. GINGRIC LIT, ATOMIC	H Energy com	MISSION	ti	Mr. Glavin Mr. Michols Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy Mr. Egan Mr. Gurnes Mr. Harbo Mr. Mohr Mr. Penning	2011
effectiv	at he was e May l.	Gingrich a resigning At that ti Pacific Fle	from his me he wil	position at	the Atomic	Energy			
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Director Division has been although	It might of Security of the Anti-	defingrich appreciation  on the pointerity since in  Atomic Energy  many diffirme that he	d out the mmediatel y Commiss.culties.	Bureau's as  it Admiral 6  y after the  sion. He ha  It is felt  perienced an	sistance. ingrich has establishm s had numer that Gingr d on a few	held to ent of ous project des	G   R he position the Securi blems and erves much ns has bee	7, in of ty his divis credit, in indiscr	
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#### MEMORANDUM FOR MR. FLETCHER

#### ACTION:

If the Director desires to see Admiral Gingrich, it is recommended that the Liaison Section be advised so that Admiral Gingrich may be informed.

There is attached for your approval a letter to Admiral Gingrich.

V

'May 2, 1949

HENORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. LADD ur. Nichols

On April 27, 1949 I saw Rear Admiral John E. Cingrich. Director of Security of the Atomic Energy Commission. Admiral Gingrich called to say good-bye in view of the termination of his services with the Atomic Energy Commission. The Admiral expressed appreciation for and commendation of the contacts which he had with the FBI. I likewise assured him that it had been a pleasure for our representatives to work with him.

It was obvious from the discussion with Admiral Gingrich that his tour of duty with AEC had been for from a happy one and that he has been thwarted in his sincere efforts to effect practical security: measures.

He referred generally to some of the extreme wastes of funds by AEC upon the part of the larly as to the building of a particular project in the Hanford Washington development and then subsequently the coropping of this particular project after the expenditure of millions of dellars.

The Admiral also referred to what he considered a most unew desirable procedure now adopted by AEC, namely the expenditure of enormous sums for scholorships and the giving of these scholorships to persons who are not even investigated or checked as to their subversible connections. He stated that when this project was originally insticted he checked the first several names who were to be awarded scholarships and through a check of our files ascertained that a number of these persons held Communist Party membership cards. After he reported this to the Commission the Commission ruled that all future appointess to scholarships were not to be investigated.

Admiral dingrich informed me that he was being assigned as the Assistant to the Commander of the Pacific Fleet and will be based at Honolulu.

I would suggest that we direct a letter to our SAC at Honolulu advising him of Admiral Gingrich's designation and of the very pleasant and harmonious relationship which we have had with the Admiral so that it may be continued between our office at Honolulu and Admiral Gingrich.

SENT FROM D. O.

Very truly yours, Director



Mr. Tolson. Mr, Ladd... Mr. Clegg ... Mr. Glavin ur, Nichal Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy ... Mr. Marho ..... Mr. Mohr ....

12 September 1949

Dear Mr. Hoover,

I am delighted to have your letter, because it brings to mind the exceptionally pleasant relation which I enjoyed with your people.

I have had the opportunity of knowing Mr. Mumford and, the day before yesterday, I met Mr. Reynolds, who is here for the intelligence conference. The close cooperation between the military and the F.B.I. here in the Islands is a matter of pride to all hands. I am much impressed with Mumford and his keen appreciation of the situation in Hawaii.

I know you would enjoy a visit out here and, if the opportunity presents itself this winter, the latch string is always out.

My kindest wishes always

Sincerely,

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover,

Director,

DE-INDEXED Federal Bureau of Investigation DATE: 3/4/57 United States 25, D. C. United States Department of Justice

Rear Admiral Gingrich, formerly with AEC, now Chie of Staf Pacific Fleet, Headquarters Commander and Chief, Pacific, c/ Postmaster, San Francisco, Calif.

52 NOV 1 1949

b7C

Rear Admiral John E. Gingrich Chief of Staff Commander-in-Chief of Pacific Fleet c/o Fleet Post Office San Francisco, California

Dear Admiral:

When I called Washington just now my secretary said you had just called on the telephone. I am sorry to miss having a chat with you and only wish it were possible to take a little vacation in Hawaii. It is semething I have looked forward to for a long time.

I hope the next time you are in the States I will be fortunate enough to see you.

Best regards,

Sincerely,

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# Office Memorandum • united states government

MR. ROSE

E. H. WINTERRO

VICE ADMIRAL JOHN E. GINGRICH NAVY BUREAU OF MATERIEL

DATE: January 25, 195 add

Rosës Tracy Gearty Viaterrowd

At 5:00 P.M., January 22, 1954, Admiral Gingrich finally called the writer in connection with his request that the Bureau, if possible, provide him with the names of ex-FBI Agents whom he could approach to become members of an inspection staff he is thinking of organizing.

In line with the attached memorandum dated January 8, 1954, I advised Admiral Gingrich that while the Bureau appreciated his interest in coming to the Bureau on this matter, we knew of no one that we could recommend that is not gainfully employed.

It might be noted that he asked if the writer \_, a former ex-FBI Agent. I told him knew but knew nothing of his activities since I knew he left the Bureau. I advised Admiral Gingrich that resigned from the Bureau.

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EHW/rh

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131

fice Memorandum • united states government

MR. ROS

SUBJECT: VICE ADMIRAL JOHN E. GINGRICH

NAVY BUREAU OF MATERIEL

DATE: January 8 1954

By reference from the Director's Office, I talked with Admiral Gingrich on the afternoon of January 8, 1954. He stated that he had called to pay his respects to the Director and also to discuss a project he is planning for the purpose of keeping check on the administration and employees of the Navy Bureau of Materiel, of which he is Chief. He said that there are some 6,150 inspectors of material which is purchased by prime contractors who are paid only approximately \$4400 a year. These people he feels certainly are subject to the influence of private concerns and, further, some of them are not at all efficient.

Admiral Gingrich said that he plans to set up a small staff for the purpose of checking on such matters as personnel, physical security, document control, et cetera. He wants to form a small investigative or inspection group of about three people who are alert and capable.

Admiral Gingrich asked if there were any ex-FBI personnel who might fit in such a plan. I informed him I knew of none; however. I would certainly make his request known to the Director. He wanted to know if we could supply him with the names of a number of ex-FBI personnel whom he could consider. He said that the jjebs would pay grade GS 12, GS 13 and possibly GS 14.

Admiral Gingrich would use such men to check on situations such as the overstocking of items like hand tools. He said that the Navy presently has many years' supply of such tools and yet continues to purchase them. This would be an item which would be checked by his inspector group.

Admiral Gingrich said he would want these men to know where our nearest field offices are located in the event they discovered any possible violations so they could be reported 62-212.7immediately to the FBI. INDEXED-89

It is recalled that Admiral Gingrich was formerick 27t1954 the Atomic Energy Commission.

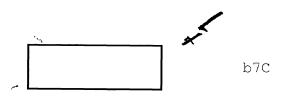
I informed Admiral Gingrich that I would make known his request to the Director promptly and that I would let him know a way or the other within the next few days. mxpin

EHW/rh 🤻

cc Administrative Division

#### RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that Admiral Gingrich be advised that while we appreciate his interest in coming to the Bureau in this matter that we know of no one that we could suggest who is not presently gainfully employed.



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#### September 22, 1954

**VIA LIAISON** 

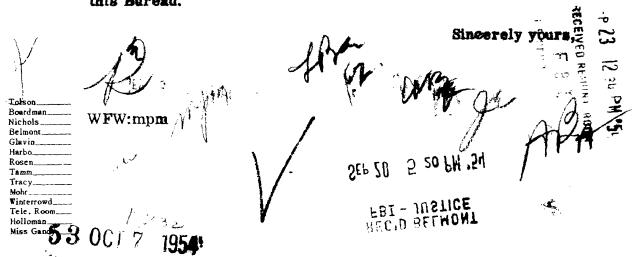
Vice Admiral John Gingrich Chief, Office of Naval Material Main Navv Washington 25, D. C.

My dear Admiral:

I have been advised of your intention to retire from the Navy next October 30th, and want to take this opportunity to express my appreciation for the cooperation you have given this Bureau during the past few years. I realize how closely you have worked with representatives of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in matters of mutual interest, and I have frequently been advised of the many

RECORDED-49 Your long career of devoted service to the nation has, indeed been in keeping with the highest traditions which are so dear to all of us, and I know that your services wilk he sorely missed in many quarters.

May I extend my very best wishes for a happy and prosperous retirement and my hope that you will have occasion to remember with pleasure your association with your many friends in this Bureau.



favors and services you have rendered this Bureau.

Mrs. John E Gingrich

New York, New York

Dear Mrs. Gingrich:

I was indeed sorry to learn of the passing of your husband, Admiral Gingrich, and although I know that words at a time like this are almost futile, I do hope that you will derive some consolation from knowing that the thoughts of his many friends in the FBI are with you in your bereavement.

Your husband's life, dedicated as it was to the service of his country, will be a lasting monument and a source of inspiration to all who were privileged to have known him.

Please call on us if there is anything we can do to assist you.

MAILED 19
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COMM-FBI

Tolson Mohr \_

Belmont

Callahan .

DeLoach
Malone
McGuire
Rosen
Tamm
Trotter
W.C. Sullivan

Sincerely yours, J. Edgar Hooyer

62-84227-12

TOTE: Dun 3 1960

Years. He met the Director on April 27, 1949. Address per

Man Difton Telephone Directory.

4.1960mhd

Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

119

# Admiral John E. Gingrich, 62, World War II Naval Leader

-Retired Admiral John Ed- to safety. ward Gingrich, 62, a World Admiral Gingrich, then a war II naval hero and a one- captain, was adarded the Silver time commander of United Na- Star for this action. tions naval forces during the Korean War, died of cancer at his Manhattan apartment Thursday night.

Admiral Gingrich, a native of Dodge City, Kans., was graduated from the Naval Academy in 1919. During his

years' service. He was a vice tleships, including the USS president of International Tele-Pennsylvania, the USS Maryphone & Telegraph Corp. at land and the USS Indianapolis. the time of his death.

maintained a blockade of Korea for more than two years. Commission and chief of staff
He was awarded the Distinand aide to the commander of guished Service Medal for his the Pacific Fleet. exploits.

mander of the cruiser Pittsburgh which came to the resburgh which came to the rescue of the aircraft carrier franklin off the Japanese coast in 1945. The carrier was on fire and helpless when the Pittsburgh moved in. While the smaller ship held off Japanese planes. Its crewmen fastened tow lines and the leaves his widow. Vanetta Oliphant Gingrich; a daughter, Susan, and a son, John, jr.

Funeral services will be held at 3 p.m. Tuesday at the Fort Myer Chapel. Burial will be in the Arlington National Cemfastened tow lines and the letery.

NEW YORK, May 28 (AP). Pittsburgh pulled the carrier

He retired from the Navy as long career he served on more a full admiral in 1954 after 34 than a dozen cruisers and bat-

After World War II, he served During the Korean War as assistant chief of naval opAdmiral Gingrich commanded erations in charge of reserves, the U. N. Navy forces which director of intelligence and security for the Atomic Energy

He was chief of Naval ma-

He leaves his widow. Van-

Tolson \_\_\_\_ Mohr \_\_\_\_\_ Parsons \_\_\_\_ Belmont \_\_\_\_ Callahan \_\_\_\_\_ DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_ Malone \_\_\_\_\_ McGuire \_\_\_\_\_ Rosen \_\_\_\_ Tamm \_\_\_ Trotter \_\_\_\_ W.C. Sullivan \_\_\_ Tele. Room \_\_\_\_ Ingram \_\_\_\_ Gandy \_ Dem swa

The Washington Post and
Times Herald
The Washington Daily News
The Evening Star
New York Herald Tribune
New York Journal-American
New York Mirror
New York Daily News
New York Post
The New York Times
The Worker
The New Leader
The Wall Street Journal
Date

MAY 28 1980